

**SAN LEANDRO** 

# KAISER FOUNDATION HOSPITAL NORTHERN CALIFORNIA REGION







in the community

2020 COMMUNITY BENEFIT YEAR-END REPORT AND 2020-2022 COMMUNITY BENEFIT PLAN

KAISER PERMANENTE

# Kaiser Foundation Hospital (KFH)-San Leandro

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# I. Introduction and Background

#### **A. About Kaiser Permanente**

Founded in 1942 to serve employees of Kaiser Industries and opened to the public in 1945, Kaiser Permanente is recognized as one of America's leading health care providers and nonprofit health plans. We were created to meet the challenge of providing American workers with medical care during the Great Depression and World War II, when most people could not afford to go to a doctor. Since our beginnings, we have been committed to helping shape the future of health care. Among the innovations Kaiser Permanente has brought to U.S. health care are:

- Prepaid health plans, which spread the cost to make it more affordable
- A focus on preventing illness and disease as much as on caring for the sick
- An organized, coordinated system that puts as many services as possible under one roof–all connected by an electronic medical record

Kaiser Permanente is an integrated health care delivery system comprised of Kaiser Foundation Hospitals (KFH), Kaiser Foundation Health Plan (KFHP), and physicians in the Permanente Medical Groups. Today we serve approximately 12.2 million members in nine states and the District of Columbia. Our mission is to provide high-quality, affordable health care services and to improve the health of our members and the communities we serve.

Care for our members and patients is focused on their Total Health and guided by their personal physicians, specialists, and team of caregivers. Our expert and caring medical teams are empowered and supported by industry-leading technology advances and tools for health promotion, disease prevention, state-of-the-art care delivery, and world-class chronic disease management. Kaiser Permanente is dedicated to care innovations, clinical research, health education, and the support of community health.

# **B. About Kaiser Permanente Community Health**

For 75 years, Kaiser Permanente has been dedicated to providing high-quality, affordable health care services and to improving the health of our members and the communities we serve. We believe good health is a fundamental right shared by all and we recognize that good health extends beyond the doctor's office and the hospital. It begins with healthy environments: fresh fruits and vegetables in neighborhood stores, successful schools, clean air, accessible parks, and safe playgrounds. Good health for the entire community requires equity and social and economic well-being. These are the vital signs of healthy communities.

Better health outcomes begin where health starts, in our communities. Like our approach to medicine, our work in the community takes a prevention-focused, evidence-based approach. We go beyond traditional corporate philanthropy or grantmaking to pair financial resources with medical research, physician expertise, and clinical practices. Our community health strategy focuses on three areas:

- Ensuring health access by providing individuals served at Kaiser Permanente or by our safety net partners with integrated clinical and social services.
- Improving conditions for health and equity by engaging members, communities, and Kaiser Permanente's workforce and assets.
- Advancing the future of community health by innovating with technology and social solutions.

For many years, we've worked side-by-side with other organizations to address serious public health issues such as obesity, access to care, and violence. We've conducted Community Health Needs Assessments to better understand each community's unique needs and resources. The CHNA process informs our community investments and helps us develop strategies aimed at making long-term, sustainable change—and it allows us to deepen the strong relationships we have with other organizations that are working to improve community health.

# C. Purpose of the Report

Since 1996, Kaiser Foundation Hospitals (KFH) in Northern and Southern California have annually submitted to the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) a Consolidated Community Benefit Plan, commonly referred to as the SB 697 Report (for Senate Bill 697 which mandated its existence). This plan fulfills the 2020 year-end community benefit reporting regulations under California Health and Safety Code, Section 127340 et seq. The report provides detailed information and financial data on the Community Benefit programs, services, and activities provided by all KFH hospitals in California.

# II. Overview and Description of Community Benefit Programs Provided

# A. California Kaiser Foundation Hospitals Community Benefit Financial Contribution

In California, KFH owns and operates 36 hospitals: 21 community hospitals in Northern California and 15 in Southern California, all accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO). KFH hospitals are located in Anaheim, Antioch, Baldwin Park, Downey, Fontana, Fremont, Fresno, Irvine, Los Angeles, Manteca, Modesto, Moreno Valley, Oakland, Ontario, Panorama City, Redwood City, Richmond, Riverside, Roseville, Sacramento, San Diego, San Francisco, San Jose, San Leandro, San Rafael, Santa Clara, Santa Rosa, South Bay, South Sacramento, South San Francisco, Vacaville, Vallejo, Walnut Creek, West Los Angeles, and Woodland Hills.

In 2020, Kaiser Foundation Hospitals in Northern and Southern California Regions provided a total of \$1,294,404,117 in Community Benefit for a diverse range of community projects, medical care services, research, and training for health and medical professionals. These programs and services are organized in alignment with SB697 regulations:

- Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations
- Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations
- Benefits for the Broader Community
- Health, Research, Education and Training

A breakdown of financial contributions is provided in Tables A and B. Note that 'non-quantifiable benefits' will be highlighted in the Year end Results section of KFH Community Benefit Plan, where applicable.

Table A
KAISER FOUNDATION HOSPITALS IN CALIFORNIA

Community Benefits Provided in 2020 (Endnotes on following page.)

Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations	
Medi-Cal shortfall <sup>1</sup>	\$692,686,921
Charity care: Charitable Health Coverage Programs <sup>2</sup>	\$94,95 <sup>2</sup>
Charity care: Medical Financial Assistance Program <sup>3</sup>	\$292,212,296
Grants and donations for medical services <sup>4</sup>	\$32,762,34
Subtotal	\$1,017,756,509
Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations	
Watts Counseling and Learning Center⁵	\$3,159,122
Educational Outreach Program	\$996,423
Youth Employment programs <sup>6</sup>	\$692,228
Grants and donations for community-based programs <sup>7</sup>	\$85,399,347
Community Benefit administration and operations <sup>8</sup>	\$12,241,50°
Subtotal	\$102,488,62°
enefits for the Broader Community°	
Community health education and promotion programs	\$1,091,019
Kaiser Permanente Educational Theatre	\$5,784,348
Facility, supplies, and equipment (in-kind)	\$3,609,800
Community Giving Campaign administrative expenses	\$681,817
Grants and donations for the broader community <sup>10</sup>	\$6,607,309
National Board of Directors fund	\$742,769
Subtotal	\$18,517,062
ealth Research, Education, and Training	
Graduate Medical Education	\$98,995,981
Non-MD provider education and training programs <sup>11</sup>	\$27,487,338
Grants and donations for the education of health care professionals <sup>12</sup>	\$2,315,284
Health research \$2	
Subtotal	\$155,641,925
OTAL COMMUNITY BENEFITS PROVIDED	\$1,294,404,117

#### **TABLE A ENDNOTES**

- <sup>1</sup> Amount includes hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures for Medi-Cal Managed Care members and Medi-Cal Fee-for-Service beneficiaries on a cost basis.
- <sup>2</sup> Amount includes hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures for Other Plan members and unreimbursed inpatient expenditures for Charitable Health Coverage on a cost basis.
- <sup>3</sup> Amount includes unreimbursed care provided at this facility to patients who qualify for the Medical Financial Assistance on a cost basis.
- <sup>4</sup> Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for medical services consist of charitable contributions to community clinics and other safety-net providers; community health partnerships and collaboratives; and special Request for Proposals to support specific health issues such as childhood obesity, asthma, etc. The amount reported reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.
- <sup>5</sup> Watts Counseling and Learning Center's service expenses are divided among three hospitals: KFH-Downey, KFH-South Bay, and KFH-West Los Angeles.
- <sup>6</sup> Figures reported in this section are hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the number of Youth Employment Programs participants hired.
- <sup>7</sup> Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for community-based programs consist of charitable contributions made to external nonprofit organizations for a variety of programs and services that address the nonmedical needs of vulnerable populations. The amount reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.
- <sup>8</sup> The amount reflects the costs related to providing a dedicated community benefit department and related operational expenses.
- <sup>9</sup> Figures reported in this section are hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members, or several related denominators such as the number of Educational Theatre performances or Health Education programs.
- <sup>10</sup> Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for the broader community consist of charitable contributions made to external nonprofit organizations to educate health care consumers in managing their own health and making informed decisions when obtaining services; and to develop, produce, or communicate health care-related public policy information for a variety of programs and services aimed at general well-being of the community. The amount reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.
- <sup>11</sup> Amount reflects the net expenditures after scholarships for health professional education and training programs.

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<sup>12</sup> Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for the education of health care professionals consist of charitable contributions made to external nonprofit organizations, colleges, and universities to support the training and education of students seeking to become health care professionals such as physicians, nurses, physical therapists, social workers, pharmacists, etc. The amount reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.

Table B
KAISER FOUNDATION HOSPITALS IN CALIFORNIA

# **Community Benefits Provided by Hospital Service Area in 2020**

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA HOSPITALS		SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA HOSPITALS	
Antioch	\$32,884,734	Anaheim	\$38,125,925
Fremont	\$11,870,189	Baldwin Park	\$31,073,319
Fresno	\$17,121,944	Downey	\$46,435,644
Manteca	\$30,479,883	Fontana	\$70,060,474
Modesto	\$16,601,850	Irvine	\$16,259,901
Oakland	\$68,247,808	Los Angeles	\$61,151,477
Redwood City	\$17,113,356	Moreno Valley	\$13,907,228
Richmond	\$45,313,562	Ontario	\$19,946,787
Roseville	\$46,614,984	Panorama City	\$39,931,373
Sacramento	\$87,732,815	Riverside	\$36,807,300
San Francisco	\$37,776,000	San Diego	\$60,564,848
San Jose	\$29,971,995	South Bay	\$34,209,359
San Leandro	\$40,190,288	West Los Angeles	\$41,447,010
San Rafael	\$18,618,231	Woodland Hills	\$24,655,944
Santa Clara	\$43,328,256		
Santa Rosa	\$34,940,812		
South Sacramento	\$71,905,940		
South San Francisco	\$14,140,089		
Vacaville	\$26,348,833		
Vallejo	\$44,781,858		
Walnut Creek	\$23,844,101		
Northern California Total	\$759,827,528	Southern California Total	\$534,576,588

# **B. Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations**

For the purpose of this plan, KFH has quantified the unreimbursed costs of medical services provided in its hospitals to the underinsured and uninsured through government programs funded at the federal and state levels as well as Kaiser Permanente's own charity care programs. Government-funded programs include Medi-Cal Managed Care, Medi-Cal Fee-For-Service, and Healthy Families Program. KFH provides charity care through its Charitable Health Coverage and Medical Financial Assistance programs. Services provided to prepaid Medicare, Major Risk Medical Insurance Program (MRMIP), and Access for Infants and Mothers (AIM) beneficiaries are not reported.

# **C.** Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations

## **Watts Counseling and Learning Center (SCAL)**

Since 1967, the Watts Counseling and Learning Center (WCLC) has been a valuable community resource for low-income, inner-city families in South Central Los Angeles. WCLC provides mental health and counseling services, educational assistance to children with learning disabilities, and a state-licensed and nationally accredited preschool program. Kaiser Permanente Health Plan membership is not required to receive these services and all services are offered in both English and Spanish. This program primarily serves the KFH-Downey, KFH-South Bay and KFH-West LA communities.

#### **Educational Outreach Program (SCAL)**

Since 1992, Educational Outreach Program (EOP) has been empowering children and their families through several year-round educational, counseling, and social programs. EOP helps individuals develop crucial life-skills to pursue higher education, live a healthier lifestyle through physical activity and proper nutrition, overcome mental obstacles by participating in counseling, and instill confidence to advocate for the community. EOP primarily serves the KFH-Baldwin Park community.

#### **Youth Employment Programs (NCAL and SCAL)**

Youth workforce programs focus on providing underserved diverse students with meaningful employment experiences in the health care field. Educational sessions and motivational workshops introduce them to the possibility of pursuing a career in health care while enhancing job skills and work performance. These programs serve as a pipeline for the organization and community-at-large, enhancing the future diversity of the health care workforce.

## **D. Benefits for the Broader Community**

# **Community Health Education and Health Promotion Programs (NCAL and SCAL)**

Health Education provides evidence-based clinically effective programs, printed materials, and training sessions to empower participants to build healthier lifestyles. This program incorporates tested models of behavior change, individual/group engagement and motivational interviewing as a language to elicit behavior change. Many of the programs and resources are offered in partnership with community groups, community clinics, libraries, nonprofit organizations, cable television channels, and schools.

#### **Kaiser Permanente Educational Theatre (NCAL and SCAL)**

Since 1986, KPET has been using live theatre, music, comedy, and drama to inspire children, teens, and adults to make healthier choices and better decisions about their well-being. Its award-winning programs are as entertaining as they are educational and were developed with the advice of teachers, parents, students, health educators, medical professionals, and professional theatre artists. Professional actors who are also trained health educators deliver all performances and workshops. KPET programs share health information and develop individual and community knowledge about leading healthier lives. KPET is provided free of charge to schools and the general community. In addition to performances and classroom workshops, KPET supplies schools and organizations with supplementary educational materials – including workbooks, parent and teacher guides, and student wallet cards – to reinforce the messages presented in the programs.

# E. Health Research, Education, and Training Programs

#### **Graduate Medical Education (GME)**

The mission of Kaiser Permanente GME is to recruit and prepare the physician workforce of the 21st century by optimizing the unique clinical and educational opportunities within our integrated model of care, which is now considered the gold standard for improving the entire U.S. health care system. Residents trained in our health care settings utilize technology to provide evidence-based, patient-centered care in a team-based model, employ population management strategies, and cultivate their skills in cultural sensitivity, effective communication, and leadership. As part of their training, residents participate in rotations at school-based health centers, community clinics, and homeless shelters.

#### **Non-MD Provider Education and Training Programs**

Kaiser Permanente provides education, training, residences, internships, and/or scholarships and stipends for non-physician health care professionals in nursing, pharmacy, physical therapy, psychology, and radiology. This includes Northern California Region's Kaiser Permanente School of Allied Health Sciences, which offers 18-month training programs in sonography, nuclear medicine,

and radiation therapy and Southern California Region's Hippocrates Circle Program, which was designed to provide youth from under-represented communities and diverse backgrounds with an awareness of career opportunities as a physician.

#### **Health Research**

Kaiser Permanente conducts, publishes, and disseminates high-quality epidemiological and health services research to improve health and medical care throughout our communities. Our Division of Research (NCAL), Department of Research and Evaluation (SCAL), Kaiser Foundation Research Institute, and Nursing Research Programs deploy a wide range of research methods, including clinical research, health care services research, and epidemiological and translational studies on health care that are generalizable and broadly shared, helping build a knowledge base that improves health and health care services.

# **III. KFH-San Leandro Community Served**

# F. Kaiser Permanente's Definition of Community Served

Kaiser Permanente defines the community served by a hospital as those individuals residing within its hospital service area. A hospital service area includes all residents in a defined geographic area surrounding the hospital and does not exclude low-income or underserved populations.

# G. Demographic Profile of Community Served by KFH-San Leandro

Total Population	529,256	
White	39.2%	
Black/African American	13.0%	
Asian	26.5%	
Native American/ Alaskan Native 0.6%		
Pacific Islander/ Native Hawaiian	1.5%	
Some Other Race	12.9%	

Multiple Races	6.0%
Hispanic/Latino	35.1%
Total Living in Poverty (<100% FPL)	13.3%
Children Living in Poverty	19.5%
Unemployment Rate	2.9%
Uninsured Population	10.6%
Adults with No High School Diploma	18.4%

SOURCE: AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY, 2012-2016

## H. Map and Description of Community Served by KFH-San Leandro



The KFH-San Leandro service area covers the southern part of Alameda County. The cities served include Castro Valley, Hayward (including the unincorporated areas of Ashland, Cherryland, and Fairview), San Leandro, San Lorenzo, and Union City.

# IV. Description of Community Health Needs Addressed by KFH-San Leandro

The following are the health needs KFH-San Leandro is addressing during the 2020-2022 Implementation Strategy Period. For information about the process and criteria used to select these health needs and the health needs that were not selected (and the rationale), please review the 2019 CHNA Report and the 2020-2022 Implementation Strategy Report at: http://www.kp.org/chna.

#### A. Health Needs Addressed

#### 1. Behavioral Health

The community emphasized depression and stress, as well as the co-occurrence of mental health and substance use. A significantly larger proportion of adults in the county, compared to the state, need help for behavioral health issues. These issues may be partially driven by social isolation. Quantitative data for youth mental health demonstrate significant need as well as disparities by ethnicity. For example, among youth experiencing depression-related feelings, the highest proportion are Latinx and Pacific Islander. Furthermore, Black youth feel the least connected at school, which may negatively influence overall mental well-being.

The CHIC members agreed that Behavioral Health is a top priority health need for both KFH-San Leandro and KFH-Fremont. Committee members gave this health need the highest scores for leveraging Kaiser Permanente and community assets, applying evidence-based or promising approaches, and the feasibility of making an impact.

## 2. Health Care Access and Delivery

Components of access to care include insurance coverage, adequate numbers of primary and specialty care providers, and timeliness. Components of delivery of care include quality, transparency, and cultural competence/cultural humility. Barriers to health care access and delivery can affect medical outcomes for many conditions that could otherwise be controlled through preventive care and proper management, including asthma, cancer, heart disease/stroke, maternal/infant health, and sexually transmitted infections (STIs).

Quantitative data indicate challenges to health care access for residents in the KFH-San Leandro service area. Good access to primary care can forestall the need for avoidable ER visits and hospitalizations (such as for asthma) as well as decrease prevalence of infectious diseases (such as STIs). Asthma hospitalizations in the service area occur at a rate of 3 cases per 10,000 Medicare beneficiaries, 25% worse than the state average of 2.4 per 10,000. Among various ethnic groups in Alameda County, asthma ED visits and hospitalization are highest for Black residents. A county public health

expert also noted an increase in STIs, which may indicate a problem with access to care. Other indicators demonstrate further access and delivery disparities by ethnicity.

Many community members expressed alarm about health care access barriers faced by immigrants who are either ineligible for Medi-Cal due to their immigration status, or fearful of being deported if they should access services for which they are eligible. In addition to immigrants, the community discussed how the need for sensitive, whole-person care also applied to LGBTQ community members; experts described the difficulty LGBTQ community members, especially transgender individuals, experience in finding medical professionals sensitive to their needs.

Health Care Access and Delivery received among the highest scores for leveraging Kaiser Permanente expertise and organizational assets, the ability to apply evidence-based or promising approaches, and for the feasibility of making an impact.

## 3. Economic Security

Community members discussed food insecurity, risk of homelessness, and employment. Residents emphasized that while there may be plenty of jobs in the service area, these jobs do not pay enough considering the high cost of living. Quantitative data indicate that in the service area, a higher percentage of the population receive government assistance than the state average. Community members also suggested that individuals with lower incomes may have a harder time accessing care and cited the stress of economic instability as one of the most pressing drivers of poor mental health.

Economic Security was highly ranked in both the CHNA process and individual rankings among CHIC members. In contrast to prior years, it also received high scores for leveraging Kaiser Permanente expertise and organizational assets, as well as feasibility of making an impact. Because economic security is so closely linked to other health needs, CHIC members elevated this health need and incorporated aspects of Housing and Homelessness and Healthy Eating / Active Living.

#### **B.** Health Needs Not Addressed

Three health needs identified through the CHNA process are partially addressed in the strategies listed above.

**1.** The Healthy Eating / Active Living health need received scores in the middle of the total rankings from CHIC members and was a lower priority in the CHNA process. The group agreed to incorporate one element of this health need–food security–into the Economic Security emphasis.

- 2. Housing and Homelessness was ranked second among health needs by the CHIC members, in a tie with Economic Security. Recognizing the link between Economic Security and Housing and Homelessness, this health need was incorporated into the Economic Security priority health need.
- **3.** The Education and Literacy health need was rated as a medium priority in the CHNA and received similar rankings in the CHIC process. Relative to other health needs, it received lower rankings for the ability to leverage Kaiser Permanente expertise or organizational assets, and for the feasibility of making an impact. However, the CHIC members selected elements of Education and Literacy—notably job training and workforce development—in the higher-ranked Economic Security health need, as well as mental health and wellness for school-aged children under Behavioral Health.

Three health needs were among the priorities that emerged from the CHNA process but are not addressed among the implementation strategies.

- 1. Community and Family Safety received lower scores from the CHIC in terms of evidence-based or promising approaches, leveraging Kaiser Permanente expertise or organizational assets, and feasibility of making an impact. Some elements of Community and Family Safety are specifically addressed by strategies included in the priority health needs—particularly addressing trauma through the education and behavioral health systems, helping people navigate and access health and non-medical social services (including survivors of human trafficking and domestic violence), and supporting interventions that increase economic security and reduce homelessness.
- 2. Climate/Natural Environment–particularly poor air quality–was recognized as a factor in health outcomes, but received low scores in terms of leveraging community assets, applying evidence-based or promising approaches, leveraging Kaiser Permanente expertise and organizational assets, and feasibility of making an impact. Instead, some of the improvements in health care access and delivery (such as connecting low-income children and families to care for asthma) were considered more accessible ways to address the effects of climate issues within the service area.
- 3. Transportation and Traffic create barriers to health by lengthening commutes (making it more difficult for people to spend time being physically active or preparing healthy meals), increasing stress, and affecting access to care. However, CHIC members did not identify specific ways for Kaiser Permanente to address this structural issue. Of all the health needs considered, transportation and traffic received the lowest scores overall and for opportunities to leverage community and/or Kaiser Permanente assets, apply evidence-based approaches, and the feasibility of making an impact.

# V. 2020 Year-End Results for KFH-San Leandro

# A. 2020 Community Benefit Financial Resources Provided by KFH-San Leandro

Total Community Benefit expenditures are reported as follows:

- Quantifiable Community Benefit such as facility use and in-kind donations are included if funded by KFH, provided in a KFH facility, or are part of a KFH Community Benefit Plan.
- Medical care services for vulnerable populations include unreimbursed inpatient costs for participation in Kaiser Permanente-subsidized and government-sponsored health care insurance programs.
- The unreimbursed portion of medical, nursing, and other health care professional education and training costs are included.

Resource allocations are reported, as follows:

- Financial expenditures are reported in exact amounts, if available, by hospital service area.
- If exact financial expenditure amounts were not available by hospital service area, then regional expenses were allocated proportionally based on KFHP membership or other quantifiable data, such as the number of Kaiser Permanente Youth Employment participants employed within each hospital area's community at large.

Table C

# **KFH-San Leandro**

# Community Benefits Provided in 2020 (Endnotes on following page.)

Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations	
Medi-Cal shortfall <sup>1</sup>	\$21,603,220
Charity care: Medical Financial Assistance Program <sup>2</sup>	11,981,279
Grants and donations for medical services <sup>3</sup>	505,556
Subtotal	\$34,090,056
Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations	
Summer Youth and Inroads programs <sup>4</sup>	\$4,105
Grants and donations for community-based programs <sup>5</sup>	3,784,058
Community Benefit administration and operations <sup>6</sup>	416,847
Subtotal	\$4,205,010
Benefits for the Broader Community <sup>7</sup>	
Community health education and promotion programs	\$157
Community Giving Campaign administrative expenses	37,264
Grants and donations for the broader community <sup>8</sup>	(
National Board of Directors fund	25,58
Subtotal	\$63,002
Health Research, Education, and Training	
Graduate Medical Education	\$380,068
Non-MD provider education and training programs <sup>9</sup>	611,562
Grants and donations for the education of health care professionals <sup>10</sup>	(
Health research	840,589
Subtotal	\$1,832,220
Total Community Benefits Provided	\$40,190,288

#### **TABLE C ENDNOTES**

- 1. Amount includes hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures for Medi-Cal Managed Care members and Medi-Cal Fee-for-Service beneficiaries on a cost basis.
- <sup>2.</sup> Amount includes unreimbursed care provided at this facility to patients who qualify for the Medical Financial Assistance on a cost basis.
- <sup>3.</sup> Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for medical services consist of charitable contributions to community clinics and other safety-net providers; community health partnerships and collaboratives; and special Request for Proposals to support specific health issues such as childhood obesity, asthma, etc. The amount reported reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.
- Figures reported in this section are hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the number of Youth Employment programs participants hired.
- <sup>5.</sup> Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for community-based programs consist of charitable contributions made to external nonprofit organizations for a variety of programs and services that address the nonmedical needs of vulnerable populations. The amount reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.
- <sup>6.</sup> The amount reflects the costs related to providing a dedicated community benefit department and related operational expenses.
- Figures reported in this section are hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on related denominators such as the number of health education programs.
- Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for the broader community consist of charitable contributions made to external nonprofit organizations to educate health care consumers in managing their own health and making informed decisions when obtaining services; and to develop, produce, or communicate health care-related public policy information for a variety of programs and services aimed at general well-being of the community. The amount reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.
- 9. Amount reflects the net expenditures for health professional education and training programs.
- Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for the education of health care professionals consist of charitable contributions made to external nonprofit organizations, colleges, and universities to support the training and education of students seeking to become health care professionals. The amount reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.

# B. Examples of KFH-San Leandro's 2020 Activities to Address Selected Health Needs

All Kaiser Foundation Hospitals (KFH) carefully consider the evidence-base when determining which goals, strategies, and related activities would be most effective in addressing priority health needs. It is anticipated that successful implementation of key activities (programs, grants, collaboration, and/or in-kind assets), tied to key goals and strategies, can contribute toward improving the priority health needs in the community. For information on the goals and strategies that were selected for each health need, please refer to the KFH-San Jose Community Benefit Plan/Implementation Strategy Report posted on the internet at http://www.kp.org/chna.

Mechanisms for monitoring progress are tailored to each activity and may include the collection and documentation of tracking measures such as number of grants made, number of dollars spent, number of people reached/served, and number and role of Kaiser Permanente volunteers. Kaiser Permanente also conducts evaluation of larger grant initiatives to understand both progress and outcomes. In addition to internal monitoring and evaluation, Kaiser Permanente requires grantees to propose, track, and report outcomes of the projects for which they have received funding.

The below tables provide highlights for a select number of programs, grants, collaboration and/or assets that aims to address the identified health needs for KFH-San Jose. The examples provided below are illustrations and not an exhaustive list. Where appropriate, summative information is provided for programs that have been implemented in multiple years.

The total number and amount of paid grants to address a health need include those that are awarded to organizations providing programs serving the KFH-San Jose service area and may also serve other KFH service areas. Grant examples denoted with (~) provide services and/or programs in multiple KFH service areas. Grant examples denoted with (\*) were distributed from Kaiser Permanente Northern California Community Benefit's donor advised fund (DAF), which is administered by the East Bay Community Foundation; accordingly, DAF grant amounts were not included in the community benefit totals for 2020 (Tables B and C).

In addition to the highlights in the below tables that address specific health needs, Kaiser Permanente Northern California Community Benefit implements additional community programs that address multiple health needs, including:

Need	Summary of Impact	Examples of most impactful efforts
Behavioral Health	totaling \$570,683.43 that	A \$98,000 grant to Seneca Family of Agencies will support its work with Hayward High School (Hayward Unified School District). Seneca will:
	addressed Behavioral Health in the KFH-San Leandro service area.	1. Provide clinical case management to 200 students referred to the Coordination of Services Team to ensure that trauma-informed mental health and wellness services are available
		2. Support staff to develop and utilize trauma-responsive approaches related to school discipline
		<b>3.</b> Implement a back to school plan using best practices for trauma-informed care and COVID response
		4. Work with school administration to implement RISE tools and resources
		Crisis Support Services of Alameda County (CSS) received a \$25,000 grant~ (split between KFH-Fremont and KFH San Leandro) to support its Expanding the Circle of Care program, which was designed to improve the resilience, mental health, and well-being of 518 middle and high school students from Castro Valley, Fremont, Hayward, San Leandro, and San Lorenzo through a series of mental health training videos, crisis line counseling, text counseling, and other CSS mental health support services offered in both English and Spanish.
	East Bay Family Defenders (EBFD) received a \$25,000 grant~ (split between KFH-Fremont, KFH-Oakland, and KFH San Leandro) for the Trauma Informed Interdisciplinary Practice project, which was developed to deliver a culturally responsive, trauma-informed legal defense model for the parents and legal guardians of the more than 1,400 children and youth in foster care in Alameda County. Families served by EBFD are racially diverse and experience high levels of poverty and intergenerational patterns of struggle, including marginalization, unemployment, poor health, system involvement, substance abuse, and/or unmet mental health needs.	

Need	Summary of Impact	Examples of most impactful efforts
		Hayward Unified School District (HUSD) received a \$90,000 grant for its Promoting Trauma-Informed Education and Parenting in Hayward initiative, designed to increase HUSD's capacity to provide trauma-informed services and programs to vulnerable students. The initiative will also provide trauma-informed training and education for teachers, staff, and parents and expand counseling services and referrals for students struggling with various forms of trauma. The goal is to reach 565 individuals.
Health Care Access and Delivery	J . ,	Kaiser Permanente Medicaid and Charity Care: In 2020, Kaiser Permanente provided care to 14,657 Medi-Cal members and 137 Charitable Health Coverage (CHC) members in the KFH-San Leandro service area. And another 6,905 individuals received Medical Financial Assistance (MFA).
		<b>Operation Access:</b> In 2020, with the participation of 1 volunteer physician, KFH-San Leandro and KFH-Fremont provided 1 outpatient medical service (surgical and diagnostic) to an Operation Access client.
		A \$50,000 grant~ to Eden Information & Referral (impacting KFH-Fremont, KFH-Oakland, and KFH-San Leandro) will support core operations and services for this local 211 organization. 211 systems are a crucial resource in emergencies, such as the wildfires that have ravaged California in recent years. 211 systems facilitate the quick dissemination of information regarding evacuations, shelters, and aid, all while reducing 911's call volume. More recently, 211 is connecting residents to up-to-date information on COVID-19 testing and state-issued guidance.
		A \$375,000 grant~ Alameda Health Consortium (impacting KFH-Fremont, KFH-Oakland, and KFH-San Leandro) will help the organization to ensure the ongoing sustainability and growth of the Alameda County Medi-Cal Managed Care and HealthPAC programs, which are vital components to the county safety-net health care system. AHC will use this COVID-19 funding to support

Need	Summary of Impact	Examples of most impactful efforts
	A A Si p A	to its eight community health centers to fund their pandemic-specific activities. MOUs will be obtained prior to dispersing those funds.
		Alameda County Adult Day Services received a \$40,000 grant for its DayBreak Adult Care Centers' Rapid Response Case Management (RRCM) program at St. Rose Hospital. RRCM will improve the healthcare systems' capacity to provide quality healthcare services to 35 older adults. RRCM is another step in Alameda County's effort to coordinate emergency medical services (EMS) with community-based organizations that provide elders with non-urgent medical, health, and social services.
Economic Security	totaling \$571,280.00 that addressed Economic Security in the KFH-San Leandro service area.	A \$100,000 grant to Tiburcio Vasquez Health Center (TVHC) will support its Homeless Street Medicine team by purchasing additional PPE to ensure safe outreach and field testing, as well as COVID-19 swabbing kits. Funds will also be utilized for uncompensated lab costs for homeless patients who lack insurance, travel costs for the team to outreach and field test, and supplies that help unsheltered homeless to shelter-in-place, including tents, sleeping bags, clean clothing, hygiene items, solar chargers, solar lights, and food.
		A \$75,000 grant~ to Centro Community Partners (impacting KFH-Fresno, KFH-Oakland, KFH-Manteca, KFH-San Jose, and KFH-San Leandro) will help the agency build capacity to pivot and offer its programs and services via online platforms, thus bridging the digital divide and giving entrepreneurs of color access to entrepreneurship training, financial literacy programs, capital, and one-on-one business advisory services to promote asset building, create jobs, and address racial biases in micro-enterprise development ecosystem in the US.
		A \$90,000 grant~ to Renaissance Entrepreneurship Center (impacting KFH-Antioch, KFH-Oakland, KFH-Redwood City, KFH-Richmond, KFH-San Jose, KFH-San Francisco, KFH-San Leandro, KFH-South San Francisco, and KFH-Walnut Creek) will help address the devastating impact of COVID-19 on small

Need	Summary of Impact	Examples of most impactful efforts
		businesses and the people they employ, by helping lower-income entrepreneurs of color and women leverage technology, build resiliency, and pivot their operations through COVID-19 and beyond. Renaissance will deliver customized English and Spanish language small business training and individual consulting services on pivoting business models and operations; navigating resources and accessing capital; building resiliency; and technology training and access to help clients establish their businesses online and enhance their e-commerce capabilities and visibility.
		Downtown Streets, Inc. received a \$50,000 grant for its Ashland Cherryland Streets Teams, which engages groups of unhoused and vulnerable community members from the unincorporated areas of Cherryland Ashland to provide community beautification and conduct peer to peer outreach. By participating in the program, 100 team members will receive individualized support and have access to social non-medical services that address their full spectrum of needs. By connecting participants to wraparound services and job opportunities, Downtown Streets removes barriers to self-sustainability and helps them find and maintain employment.